



# PERISTALTIC PUMP 12 VDC STANDARD

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



### Contents

On these operating instructions .....	2
1. Short description.....	2
2. Using the pump for the first time.....	2
3. Using the peristaltic pump .....	3
3.1 Switching on .....	3
3.2 Direction of rotation .....	3
3.3 Rate of revolution .....	3
3.4 Rate of revolution memory functions .....	4
3.5 Switching off.....	4
3.6 Charging the internal battery.....	4
3.7 External power supply .....	5
3.8 External pump .....	5
3.9 External sounding device with inversion switch .....	5
4. Using the peristaltic pump .....	6
4.1 Type of tube .....	6
4.2 Inserting the tube.....	7
5. Defects and maintenance.....	8
5.1 Defects.....	8
5.2 Maintenance .....	9
Appendix: Connection external power supply / battery charger /external sounding device .....	10
Appendix: Short manual.....	11
EC-declaration of conformity for machinery .....	13

**All it takes for environmental research**

P.O. Box 4, 6987 ZG Giesbeek,  
the Netherlands

T +31 313 88 02 00  
F +31 313 88 02 99

E info@eijkelkamp.com  
I www.eijkelkamp.com



## On these operating instructions



If the text follows a mark (as shown on the left), this means that an important instruction follows.



If the text follows a mark (as shown on the left), this means that an important warning follows relating to danger to the user or damage to the apparatus. The user is always responsible for its own personal protection.

*Text*

**Italic indicated text indicates that the text concerned appears in writing on the instrument.**

### 1. Short description

This peristaltic pump suitable for use in the field is battery-powered and microprocessor controlled. The microprocessor ensures a constant yet adjustable rate of revolutions, protection against overload and a number of external control functions. A built-in maintenance-free 12 volt lead-acid battery makes possible continuous use of the pump for periods of between 2 and 5 hours (dependent on the load). The housing is splash-proof (IP64) and can be used safely and without problems out-of-doors. The apparatus may be used in all positions.

The pump has been designed for long term professional use under adverse conditions. High quality materials have been used in its manufacture.

The built-up pump is a simple but very durable peristaltic pump with three pressure rolls. The pump is mechanically very powerful.



**Never stick your fingers into a revolving pump!**

### 2. Using the pump for the first time

Peristaltic pumps which leave our factory are subjected to very strict final inspection. After delivery, check first that the pump and battery charger have not suffered damage during transport. Loose components in either the pump or the charger indicate damage. You can check on this by manipulating them gently from side to side; do not open them. In the case of damage you should contact your supplier.



**Do not use the pump until first reading these instructions.  
Keep these instructions in a place accessible to all users.**

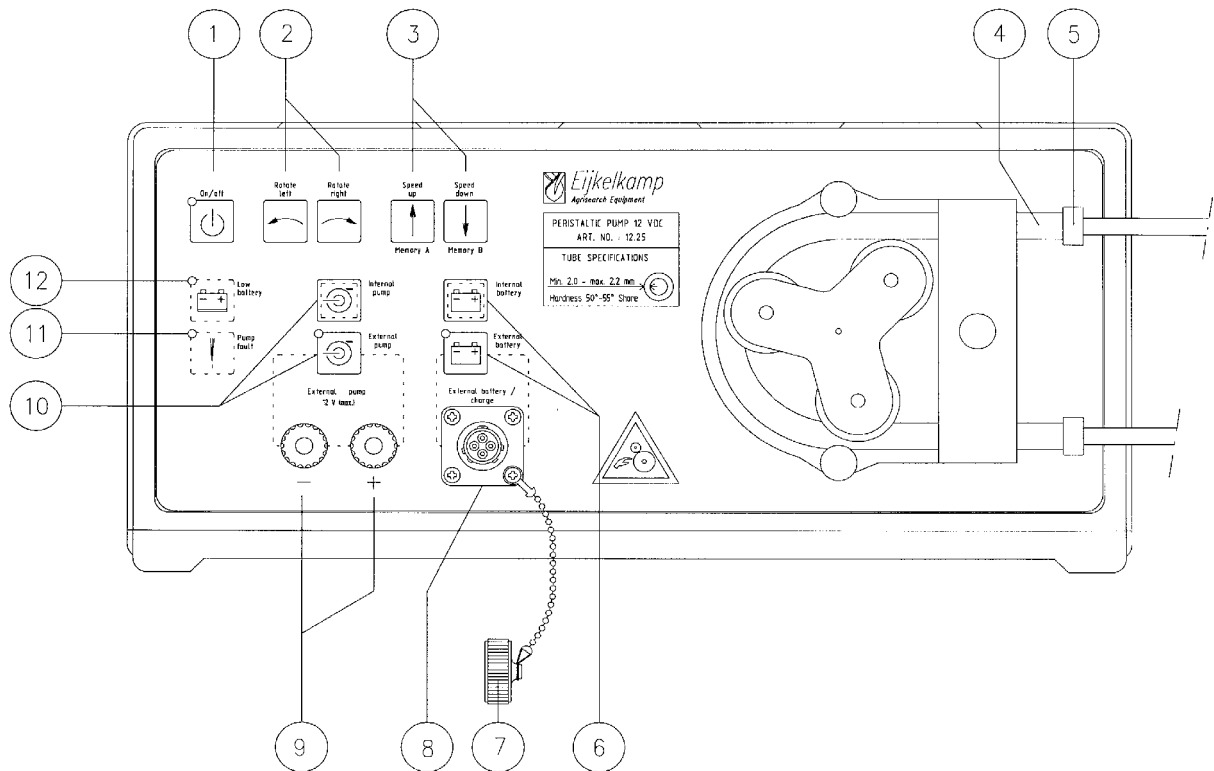


**Use of the pump in places where there is a danger of explosion is not permitted.**



**Charge the battery for the first time after delivery of the pump. This saves disappointment on the first working day!**

The battery is charged by connecting the accompanying charger to the *External battery / Charge* socket on the front panel of the pump. The battery charger stops charging when the battery is full (normally after 24 hours) and then automatically changes over to so-called trickle charge. The pump is then ready for use.



- |                                   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. On/Off switch with indicator   | 5. Clamp   | 9. Connection for external pump                  |
| 2. Pump direction of rotation     | 6. Selection switches for internal/external battery  | 10. Selection switches internal/external pump    |
| 3. Speed control + memory A and B | 7. Watertight closing cap  | 11. Pump defect indicator/condensation indicator |
| 4. Flexible tube                  | 8. Connection for external supply/battery charger/external sounding device with inversion switch | 12. Battery low indicator                        |

### 3. Using the peristaltic pump

The operation of the peristaltic pump takes place by means of the switches on the front panel. The switch panel is laid out clearly and the switches are provided both with text and logical markers. The control switches are so-called membrane key-pads which have a palpable instant of engagement. They only need to be pressed in order to perform the switch function.

#### 3.1 Switching on

Switching on the peristaltic pump takes place using the *On/off* switch. After switching on the green indicator will light up. The pump will not start up immediately after being switched on because of safety reasons.

#### 3.2 Direction of rotation

Choose the required direction of rotation for the pump by using the *Rotate left* or *Rotate right* switch. After switching on the pump, the direction of rotation is to the right. If this is the direction you require, there is no need to engage this switch. The direction of rotation can be altered during pumping without first stopping the pump.

#### 3.3 Rate of revolution

The rate of revolution can be speeded up using the *speed-up* switch. The pump will now begin to operate. Pressing the touch key once will have the effect of increasing the speed by ca. 10 revolutions per minute. If you keep the touch key depressed, the speed will reach maximum revolutions in approximately 5 seconds. Using the *speed down* key, the speed decreases in a similar manner. In case of problems, switch off the machine by using the *On/off* switch.

### 3.4 Rate of revolution memory functions

The peristaltic pump (art. no. 12.25) has been fitted with two rate of revolution memory functions. This allows for the definition of fixed individual speeds for instance for purging and sampling. Two speed memories have been included, a rate of revolution *A* memory and a rate of revolution *B* memory.



**The rates remain stored in the memory, even if the pump is switched off. Every single rate with the direction of rotation belonging, can be recorded.**

Programming the speed memory:

1. Switch off the appliance with the *On/Off* button
2. Press keys *Memory A (Speed up)* or *Memory B (Speed down)* for 3 to 6 seconds while you start the pump with the *On/Off* button. After releasing the *Memory A (Speed up)* or *Memory B (Speed down)* key the function setting memory has been activated, the pump does not turn. The direction of rotation as well as the speed can now be set. The speed can be increased step-wise with 10 rpm by briefly pressing the *Speed up* key. On switching off using the *On/Off* key the set speed and direction of rotation are recorded in the *A* memory. If no speed (speed = 0) is set, the previous setting will be maintained.

Starting with the rate as recorded in memory *A* or *B* (pump is off):

Keep the key *Memory A (Speed up)* or *Memory B (Speed down)* pressed down during a short time (0 to 3 seconds) at the very moment the pump is switched on with the *On/Off* key. After releasing the key the pump will start rotating in the determined direction of rotation and brings the speed up to the level stored in memory *A* or *B*.

Additional memory function in operational position:

This quality can be observed as a way to temporarily shut down the pump and start it again with the use of the rate of revolutions used before, without switching off or using any other memory functions.

When the pump is in use, the set speed and direction of rotation are maintained when switching to *external battery* (a failure condition occurs caused by the absence of an external battery (*Low Battery*) and the pump stops). By switching to *internal battery*, the pump will start running again with the direction and speed set before the failure condition.

The rate of revolution and direction of rotation are also maintained when switching to external pump (a failure condition occurs due to absence of the external pump (LED *External pump* is blinking) and the internal pump stops). On correcting the previous failure by switching to *internal pump*, the pump will start running again with the direction and speed set before the failure condition.

### 3.5 Switching off

Switching off the pump takes place with the *On/off* switch. When the pump has not been used for an hour or more and the revolutions are at zero the pump will automatically switch off.

### 3.6 Charging the internal battery



**When charging the internal battery use only the accompanying battery charger. Other chargers, such as car-battery chargers can cause damage to the pump.**



**Charging the pump in places where there is a danger of explosion is not permitted.**

The pump is supplied charged and tested. The battery can be recharged at any moment (does not need to be empty). The battery charger can remain connected even if the battery is full. Recharging the battery after every use of the pump lengthens the lifetime of the battery. Even if the pump is not used, the battery must be charged at least once every month.

In order to guarantee the lifetime of the 12 volt battery (art. no. 12.25.02) this has been protected against being

entirely discharged. Where the battery voltage falls below 10.5 volts the pump switches off and the red *battery low* indicator lights up. The battery should now be charged (with battery charger 12.25.24 or older version 12.25.21). Connect the plug of the battery charger to the combined *External battery/Charge* socket. The battery charger stops charging when the battery is full (normally after 24 hours) and then automatically changes over to so-called trickle charge. The charger can remain connected to the pump without danger of over-charging of the battery. For safety reasons the battery is built into a separate gas-tight space which has its own ventilation to the outside air so that battery gases cannot accumulate in the housing. Where the peristaltic pump is in intensive use and the battery needs to be charged daily, it is advisable to have the battery charger adapted for this purpose by Eijkelkamp. This adaptation consists of raising the charge voltage supplied by the battery charger. This prevents an undesirable shortening of the life of the battery where there is intensive use. The adaptation of the battery charger has the consequence that the battery may no longer be kept connected to the battery charger for an unlimited time.

### 3.7 External power supply

An external 12 volt battery with a minimum capacity of 6 Ah can be connected to the *External Battery / Charge* connector by means of a cable. This cable has a 0.5 volt loss of voltage at normal current consumption of 2.5 amps.

If problems arise a thicker and/or shorter cable can be used.

Connection to an external battery:

The high power consumption of the pump causes a high current at 12 volts. This restricts the distance that may exist between the peristaltic pump and the external battery. The cable may be connected either to the external battery 12.25.02 or to a vehicle's cigarette lighter. The external power supply is switched on by choosing the *external battery* switch. The internal battery is simultaneously switched off.

### 3.8 External pump

It is possible to connect a 12 volt submersible pump (Art. no. 12.12.06 and 12.12.08) to the *External Pump* connectors. This output is fuse-protected to a maximum current of 6 Amps and can supply up to two of these submersible pumps. The revolution rate of the pumps is adjustable by means of the control keys. The polarity at the connection of the submersible pumps is not important; the pump functions equally well in either direction (see submersible pump manual) In the case of other pumps the positive (+) 12V should be connected to the red (+) positive contact and the 0 V should be connected to the black (-) negative contact.



**It is not possible to use the pump of the peristaltic pump together with an external pump.**

### 3.9 External sounding device with inversion switch

The start-stop system can only be used in combination with an electronic sounding device with inversion switch (art. no. 11.03.30 and 11.03.32).

Pump with this special sounding device and connection cable allow to (micro-)purge a well in an extremely efficient and accurate way. This allows to collect samples with a low turbidity and minimal aeration.

The start-stop system of this pump is applied in the following way:

- Measure the water level with the water level sounder with the switch in position "Water".  
(Example -2.75 m)
- Lower the sample tubing.  
(According the Dutch NEN 5744:2011 standard half way the screened part of the well)
- Connect the sounding device with the pump by means of connection cable 12.25.26.01.
- Lower the level sensor to the depth of the maximum drawdown.  
(Acc. to NEN5744:2011 this is max. 50 cm lower then the undisturbed water level; in the example so -3.25 m)
- Now put the switch on the sounding device in the function "Air+SW".  
(The constant beeping will stop and only a short beep every second will be heard noting that the sensor is still sensing water. Only when the sensor gets dry, a constant beep will start to sound)

- ❑ Switch the peristaltic pump ON and adjust to the allowed speed.  
(According to NEN 5744:2011 500 ml/minute or lower (minimum 100 ml/min))
- ❑ The pump stops pumping when the water is drawn below the level of the sensor.  
(In the example at -3.25 m)
- ❑ The pump then is pre-programmed to wait 30 seconds before restarting. This sequence of pumping until sensor dry, restarting after 30 seconds, stopping and restarting will continue until the purging is stopped by the user.
- ❑ When the pump runs very shortly when restarting, you are confronted with a slowly recovering well. Then you may lower the flow of the pump from 500 ml/min to for instance 100 ml/min. This will make the start-stopping process less nervous.
- ❑ Use this system to easily limit the maximum permitted drawdown without many hand measurements and speed adjustments. Drawdown is 50 cm for NEN5744:2011 and 10 cm for the American EPA 540-S95-504 Low flow sampling guideline. The International ISO 5667-22 standard does not define a maximum drawdown; however mentions micro-purging as well). In all cases aeration of the screened part of the well should be avoided so even when not using these standards you may use this system to avoid loss of volatiles and trace metals by aeration.
- ❑ This system allows to leave a pump unmanned while purging a well. This allows a number of pumps purging wells on one single site with little guidance.
- ❑ Clean tape and sensor with isopropylalcohol or in another way according to type of pollution.

## 4. Using the peristaltic pump

A peristaltic pump is both a gas and liquid pump. The pump is self-priming. Even when the pump is not turning, the tube is compressed entirely by one of the rollers. Fluid or gas can therefore never flow back. Flexible tubes having different diameters and chemical properties can be used in the pump. The rollers roll the gas or fluid out of the tube so that they are expelled from the pump tube. Behind the roller the tube then springs up once more and sucks new gas or fluid inside.



**If you use the pump in rainy weather, you should take care to completely protect the peristaltic pump from the rain. A slippery flexible tube will cause pumping problems. You should at least place the pump face down in rainy weather, supported by the carrying strap. Water will not then be able to accumulate on the front panel. Make sure that water cannot penetrate the battery compartment through the ventilation opening.**



**The transparent cover plate must always be on the pump to prevent damage of the bearings by dirt and moisture. Think about safety: the pump is very powerfull. The cover plate prevents shifting of the tube (loss of pressure and suction power).**



**Never stick your fingers into a revolving pump!**

### 4.1 Type of tube

The pump is designed for use with elastic pump tubes where the total (= double) wall thickness is 4.0 to 4.4 mm thick. The rigidity of the flexible tube must be between 50 and 55 degrees Shore. The stronger the flexibility, the stronger the suction. Therefore the thinnest pump tube has the greatest suction (full vacuum). Normally speaking only the relatively expensive flexible silicone rubber is used in the pump.

As transport tube polyethylene or sometimes the very expensive but inert teflon is used as tube material. Where the tube must be able to resist a high pressure (for example during in-line filtration) the pump tube needs to be protected against coming loose by using a tube clamp. This is not necessary on the suction side.

The thinnest tube for use in the pump has a diameter of 4 x 8 mm, with a suction power equivalent to a Meter Water Column (mwc) of 8 - 9.5 meter . The pressure exerted reaches 25-30 mwc and the flow rate is maximal 1 l/min at 400 rpm.

The normal tube has a diameter of 6 x 10 mm, suction of 6 - 9 mwc a pressure of 25-30 mwc and a flow rate of 2.4 l/min (maximal, without discharge head and suction height).

The indicated values may vary because of tolerances in thickness and rigidity of the tube. They apply only as indication values for the silicone tube.



**The much used 6 x 10 mm silicone tube should preferably be used in combination with the 6 x 8 mm PE tube.**

The PE or teflon tube in the 8 x 10 mm size may also be fitted inside this silicone tube.

The PE or teflon tube in size 10 x 12 mm may if necessary be fitted over this silicone tube. The 4 x 8 mm silicone tube can if necessary be used with the same 6 x 8 mm PE tube.

The 2 x 4 mm PE or teflon tube is a little easier to work with. This fits inside the silicone tube but has a very high through-put resistance to water. (limited flow rate and high pressure in long flow lines). The 2 x 4 mm PE (or teflon) tube is more suitable for pumping gas. The 4 x 6 mm PE tube can be used either with the 6 x 8 mm silicone tube as well as with the 4 x 8 mm silicone tube. In combination with the latter silicone tube the 4 x 6 mm PE tube can very well be used to pump up water from wells where the water level may reach 9.5 m.

Art. No.	Material	Size	Length
12.20.02	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 2 x 4 mm,	roll of 100 m
12.20.03	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 4 x 6 mm,	roll of 100 m
12.20.04	Polyethylene tube	diameter 6 x 8 mm,	roll of 100 m
12.20.05	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 6 x 8 mm,	roll of 200 m
12.20.07	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 6 x 8 mm,	roll of 200 m, 30 rolls
12.20.08	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 8 x 10 mm,	roll of 100 m
12.20.09	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 8 x 10 mm,	roll of 200 m
12.20.13	Polyethylene tube,	diameter 10 x 12mm,	roll of 75 m
12.20.22	Teflon tube,	diameter 2 x 4 mm,	roll of 10 m
12.20.28	Teflon tube,	diameter 8 x 10 mm,	roll of 10 m
12.20.32	Teflon tube,	diameter 10 x 12 mm,	roll of 10 m
12.20.46	Silicone tube,	diameter 4 x 8 mm,	roll of 5 m
12.20.48	Silicone tube,	diameter 6 x 10 mm,	roll of 5 m

Sampling for the purposes of analysis on micro-parameters should be carried out changing both the pump tube and the polyethylene transport tube before each sampling operation in order to avoid risks of cross contamination. An exception can be made in the case of the teflon tube. This expensive but chemically stable tube can usually be used again after a thorough cleaning.

## 4.2 Inserting the tube



**Switch off the pump before inserting the tube.**

After removing 28 to 30 cm of pump tube this may be inserted in the pump by carefully removing the pump's cover plate and unfastening the pressure clasp. By evenly turning the pressure rollers with the fingers, the tube may be laid in place.



**Never stick your fingers into a revolving pump!**

There is also an alternative method. Turn on the pump and allow it to run. Loosen the pressure clasp and take out the old pump tube (following the direction of the pump). The new piece of tube is then inserted in the same way. The tube must be well gripped by the pressure clasp. Otherwise the tube will be slowly pulled inwards by the pump. This can block the motor and stop the operation of the pump.

Pump housing, rollers and tubes should be always dry and maintained in a dry condition during operation of the pump. This prevents the tube being pushed aside by the rollers during pumping. When this happens only a small fraction of the original suction and pressure power remains.

## 5. Defects and maintenance

### 5.1 Defects

Since only high quality components are used in the manufacture of the pump, in ordinary proper use you will only have problems very exceptionally. Safety protections have been fitted to the pump in order to prevent damage through overloading, short circuit or faulty use. The overview below has been drawn up to provide quick help in case of any problems.

#### ❑ **The pump is switched on but the *On/off* indicator fails to light up**

- The battery is completely empty. From the practical point of view this can only happen where the battery has an internal closed circuit or the pump has been stored for a very long time without being recharged. The battery should be charged or replaced.
- As a result of overloading the internal self reset protection is activated. Overloading of the battery can occur by connecting it with the wrong kind of battery charger or by short circuiting the *External battery / Charge* connection. In this case the internal self reset protection is activated. First locate and deal with the cause! The pump may be switched on again after 1 minute.

#### ❑ **Battery low indicator flashes**

- The battery is almost empty, charge the battery or connect an external power source.

#### ❑ **The pump has stopped, *battery low* indicator is on**

- The battery is empty; charge the battery or connect an external power source followed by turning off the pump using the *On/off* switch and then turn it on again.

#### ❑ **After being charged, the battery quickly becomes empty**

- Connect the battery charger to the mains and to the *External battery / Charge* connection. The indicator on the battery charger should light up. If the indicator goes out after a short time the problems should be sought in the battery.
- The battery is worn or faulty and needs to be replaced. For the time being use can be made of an external battery.

#### ❑ **External battery selected, *Battery low* indicator is on and the *External battery* indicator flashes**

- The external power source voltage is too low, no external power source is connected or the external power supply potential is reversed. Solve these problems and turn off the indicator light using the *internal battery* switch.

#### ❑ **The pump suction and pressure are insufficient**

- The housing and rollers are wet. Dry the pump housing, rollers and pump tube. Prevent the pump from becoming wet again (Cover up the pump).
- The tube has shifted position in the pump housing and therefore is running alongside the rollers (it is especially the 4 x 8 tube which is liable to this). Remove the tension from the tube by releasing the tension clasp and tightening it again.
- Make sure you are using the proper sort of pump tube. Check the wall thickness of the pump tube.
- Pump housing is deformed. Check the distance of the inside of the pump housing till the centre of the black synthetic rollers (= round synthetic plate with hole on the end of the main drive shaft). The distance must be the same everywhere (+/- 0.15 mm). Use a caliper gauge.
- The transparent cover plate must always be on the pump to prevent damage of the bearings by dirt and moisture. Think about safety: the pump is very powerfull. The cover plate prevents shifting of the tube (loss of pressure and suction power).



❑ **The pump turns itself off after a short while, the *Pump fault* indicator is on and the *On/off* indicator is flashing**

- The motor is too heavily loaded or is congested. The protection turns off the pump. Make sure no sand has been sucked into the pump tube or that the pump is not blocked in some other way. First remove the cause of the overload. The protection can be reset by switching the pump on and off with the *On/off* switch.

❑ **The internal motor is running, but not the pump**

- The coupling between the motor and the pump may be loose. Refasten this using a small screwdriver. The base plate of the housing needs to be removed to perform this operation.

❑ **The *External pump* indicator flashes**

- The external pump function is selected but no external pump is connected. Check the connection and turn off the indicator with the *internal pump* switch.

❑ ***Pump fault* indicator flashes, but the pump is functioning in a normal way**

- There is condensation in the pump housing; the pump must be checked as soon as possible, to prevent damage of the electronics.

## 5.2 Maintenance

This equipment has been designed to make sampling possible under field conditions. These samples may be used for the purpose of very exact and extremely sensitive analyses. A clean piece of equipment stimulates the proper ways of working during sampling. A well maintained machine looks better and lasts longer.

Regularly clean the peristaltic pump, the cover plate, rollers and pressure clasp using a damp cloth. The front panel and the housing can be cleaned using a soft damp cloth and a non-abrasive cleaning agent where necessary.



**Never use abrasive cleaning agents or solvents when cleaning the pump!**



**It is recommended that where the pump is being used almost daily, it should be given a service each year by the supplier.**

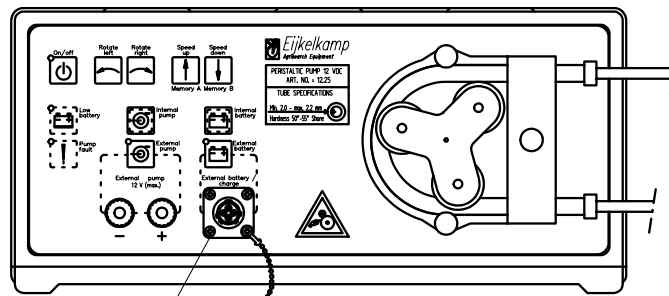
Nothing in this publication may be reproduced and/or made public by means of print, photocopy, microfilm or any other means without previous written permission from Eijkelkamp Agrisearch Equipment.

Technical data can be amended without prior notification.

Eijkelkamp Agrisearch Equipment is not responsible for (personal) damage due to (improper) use of the product.

Eijkelkamp Agrisearch Equipment is interested in your reactions and remarks about its products and operating instructions.

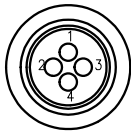
# Appendix: Connection external power supply / battery charger / external sounding device



Connection external supply / battery charger / Sounding device with inversion switch

## External supply or battery

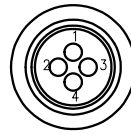
- 1 red, ext. batt. +
- 2 do not connect
- 3 black, charge / ext. batt. -
- 4 do not connect



View of mounting side connector

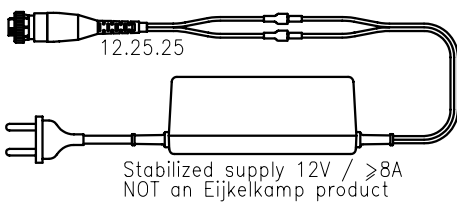
## Battery charger

- 1 do not connect
- 2 red, charge + max. 1 Amp.
- 3 black, charge / ext. batt. -
- 4 do not connect

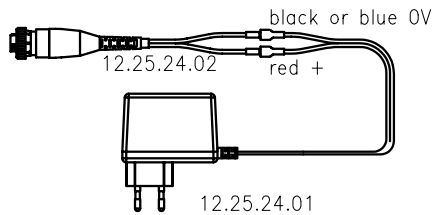


View of mounting side connector

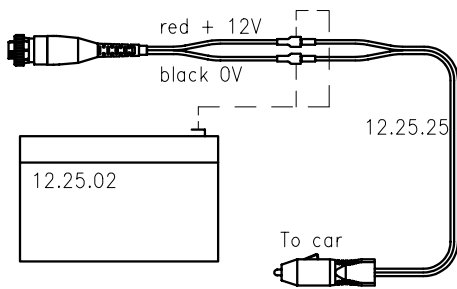
## Power supply mains



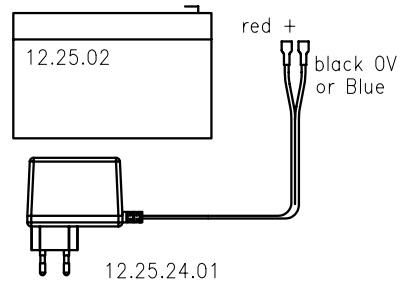
## Charging internal battery



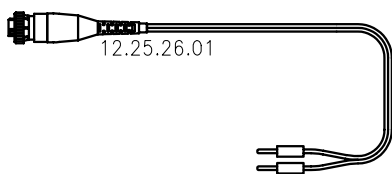
## Power supply with external battery



## Charging external battery



## Connection sounding device with inversion switch



## Short manual peristaltic pump 12 VDC (to be used in addition to the extended manual)

### Charging the battery

- The peristaltic pump is supplied charged and tested.
- A fully charged battery provides 2-5 hours of power for the pump.
- Charging the battery takes approx. 24 hours.
- The battery requires no maintenance.
- The battery charger can remain connected even if the battery is full.
- The battery can be recharged at any moment (does not need to be empty).
- The instrument is protected against discharging of the battery beyond a critical point when the pump is used.
- Recharge the battery after every use of the pump. Longer life time of the battery.
- Even if the pump is not used, the battery must be charged at least once every month.



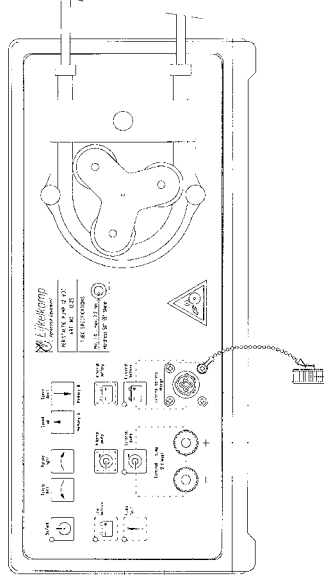
**During use, always use the pump's cover plate.**

### Tube

- The pump housing itself must be fitted with a  $\pm$  30 cm rubber tube with a hardness/elasticity of 50 - 55° Shore and a total (= double) wall thickness between 4.0 and 4.4 mm.
- The tube must be dry on the outside.
- During operation of the pump the pump housing must be and remain dry. Suction- and delivery capacity otherwise is lost completely (in the rain the pump must be covered).
- In rainy weather the pump must not be placed standing up but it must be laid down on the brace.
- For protection against sand, dirt or water on the bearings, always use the pump's cover plate.
- The rubber tube can be extended with a PE or Teflon tube.
- The pump is self-priming. With a silicon rubber tube 6 x 10 mm up to a water column of 6-9 meter (sea level). With a 4 x 8 mm tube up to a water column of 8-9.5 m.

### Control of the peristaltic pump

- Switch the pump on and off using the ON/OFF-key.
- Push the SPEED UP key 10 times.
- Take a piece of silicon rubber tube of the right thickness/diameter and with a length of at least 30 cm.
- Push the tube into the lower opening under the press-on brace and guide it into the pump until it protrudes from the top side again (some turning and twisting of the tube may be required).
- Press/screw the brace tight again.
- Extend the silicon rubber tube on the suction- as well as on the delivery side using a PE or Teflon tube.
- It's also possible to insert tube while the pump is not running. Insert the tube by carefully removing the pump's cover plate (remove millet nut A and B) and unfastening the pressure clasp.
- If pressure builds on the delivery side (for instance for pressure filtration) then the tube connection from rubber to plastic must be fitted with a clamp in order to avoid detachment.



Agrifsearch Equipment

a Royal Eijkelpomp Company  
P.O. Box 4 6987 ZG Giesbeek,  
the Netherlands

**T** +31 313 880200

**F** +31 313 880299

**E** info@eijkelpomp.com

**I** http://www.eijkelpomp.com

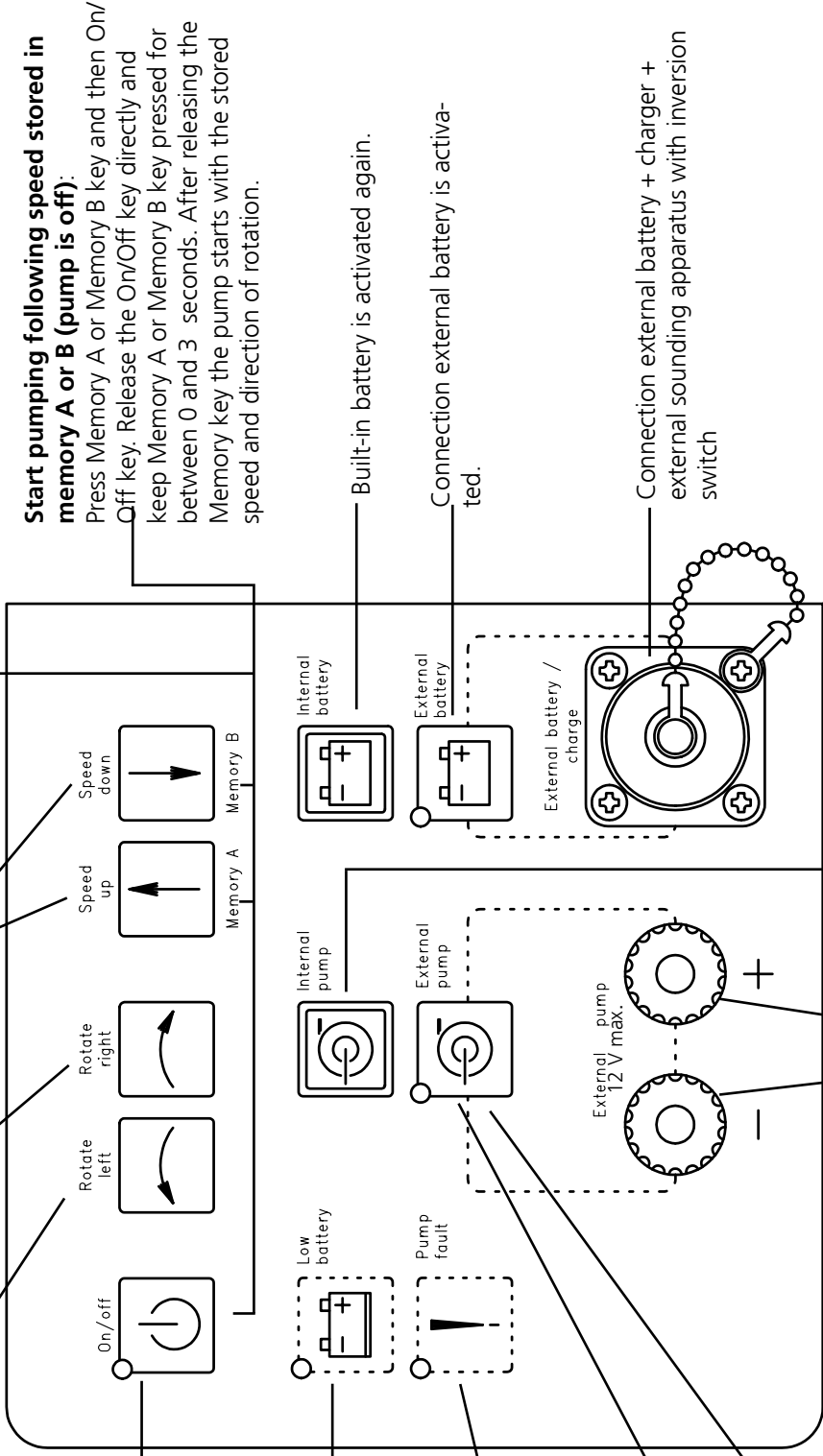
The direction of rotation anti-clockwise

Per click the speed of peristaltic pump is increased or decreased with 10 rotations per minute.

**Programming the speed memory:**

1. Switch off the appliance
2. Press keys Memory A or Memory B and then the On/Off key. Release the On/Off key. Keep the Memory A or memory B key pressed for between 3 and 6 seconds. Then release the keys A or B, adjust the speed and the direction of rotation in the usual way and switch off the machine with the On/Off-key\*\*.

**Operation membrane key-pad**



**Start pumping following speed stored in memory A or B (pump is off):**

Press Memory A or Memory B key and then On/Off key. Release the On/Off key directly and keep Memory A or Memory B key pressed for between 0 and 3 seconds. After releasing the Memory key the pump starts with the stored speed and direction of rotation.

Built-in battery is activated again.

Connection external battery is activated.

Connection external battery + charger + external sounding apparatus with inversion switch

The direction of rotation of the pump is clockwise (standard setting)

On/Off/Reset\*-key  
\* Push reset key if the pump was blocked.

Battery voltage low. The pump will stop soon. Connect external feed and/or recharge the battery.

Warning for overload, for instance if the pump is blocked. Release and reset using the On/Off-key.

- A. Push this key in order to temporarily stop the pump (volatile speed storage). Nothing is allowed to be connected to the 'external pump' pins now (see also C).
- B. Push this key to activate the connecting pins (for instance in order to activate the submersible impeller pumps).

\*\* Older appliances do not have a speed memory. They can be fitted with such a memory however applying an upgrade.

Connecting pins external pump(s) (12 Vdc max. 6 Amp.).

- C. Peristaltic pump starts running at preset speed if it was stopped earlier by pressing the 'external pump' key (volatile storage speed) \*\* (see also under A).
- D. Switches back to the peristaltic pump after use of the external pump..



## EC-declaration of conformity for machinery

(Directive 98/37/EG, Annex II, sub A)

### Manufacturer:

Eijkelkamp Agrisearch Equipment  
Nijverheidsstraat 30  
6987 EM Giesbeek  
Netherlands

herewith declares that:

### Machine : Peristaltic pump STANDARD

Art. no.: 12.25

#### is in compliance with:

- Machinery Directive 98/37/EG
  - EMC Directive 89/336/EG
- Applied to European standards (generic):
- EN 50081-1 Emission test, light industrial
  - EN 50082-1 Immunity test, light industrial

**Place** : Giesbeek

**Date** : 16-07-2013

**Name** : F. Tillmann

**Signature** :



Eijkelkamp  
Agrisearch Equipment  
P.O. Box 4, NL-6987 ZG Giesbeek  
Nijverheidsstraat 30, NL-6987 EM Giesbeek

**T** +31 313 880200  
**F** +31 313 880299  
**E** info@eijkelkamp.com  
**I** www.eijkelkamp.com